Evoc-Learn—High quality simulation evoc-L of early vocal learning

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Outline

- Evoc-learn consists of tools for simulating vocal learning of highly intelligible speech
- > Evoc-learn aims to resolves major bottlenecks in vocal learning:
 - 1. Lack of invariance
 - 2. Speaker normalization

Components of Evoc-learn:

- VocalTractLab An articulatory synthesizer
- A syllable-based coarticulation model
- A sensory feedback system for guiding the learning process



3-dimensional vocal tract

Built-in aeroacoustic transformation



Built-in articulatory dynamics: Target Approximation



Four types of feedback mechanisms:

- mechanisms:
- Auditory matching Simulated by acoustic fitting
- Perceptual recognition Simulated by ASR
- Somatosensory constraints
- Visual feedback

Syllable-based coarticulation

- Time →
 Syllable is a mechanism for reducing temporal degrees of freedom by synchronizing consonantal (C), vocalic (V), and laryngeal (T) gestures at syllable onset.
- Target approximation is strictly sequential at the level of articulator dimensions, so that each dimensions can be only controlled by either consonant or vowel at any particular moment in time.
- > This model helps to resolve much of the variability problem.

Sensory-guided vocal learning



Software Components:

- A modular system implemented in Python as a number of standalone packages under the GNU General Public Licence
- Designed as sets of composable functional components which can be used to construct flexible processing pipelines for experiments either in Python directly or on the UNIX command line.
- EVL-rec: Construct and package standardised syllable encoders based on automatic speech recognition (ASR)
- EVL-opt: Goal-directed babbling as an optimisation process, including critical components for evaluation and feedback
- EVL-core: A thin layer that manages Pandas/Numpy, TA process, VocalTractLab



